Comparative analysis on Cyber-Crimes

Najafi Y., Inanloo A. Radmehr S, and Jahani Z.

ABSTRACT: So far legislators from several countries have purposed many definitions for cyber-crime but they have not yet achieved a consensus. The aim of this research is to regard and imply briefly about types of cyber-crimes and classification of the content-related crimes in cyberspace.

Key words: Computer-related Crimes, Criminalization, Information and Communication Technology (ICT), Criminal Content-Cyber Crimes, Cyberspace, Content-related Crime

Study of Rumination and Locus of Control Roles in Depression of Female Employees of the University of Medical Sciences, Rasht, Iran

Original Research, C51

Mohammadi K., Zarei E., Chaleshgar M.


ABSTRACT: Depression is a phenomenon that is considered to be one of the most complicated issues of mental health in today's world. The current study aimed to investigate the role of rumination and locus of control in depression of female employees of the University of Medical Sciences, Rasht, Iran. The findings of the study showed that there is a positive and significant relationship between rumination and external locus of control.

Key words: Rumination, Locus of control, Depression, Female employees.
The current study is intended to investigate into the impact of Information and Communication Technology (ICT) on learning styles (Kolb Model) in Smart Secondary Schools in Qom Province. Thus, it may be concluded that one can modify students' learning styles by means of ICT.

The present research aims at studying the relationship between accounting conservatism and bankruptcy risk for the companies under study. It is hypothesized that there is a reversed relationship between accounting conservatism and bankruptcy risk of the companies under study.

The present essay has studied on the relationship among students' educational creativity and their educational self-actualization. It is hypothesized that educational self-actualization is interpreted by variables of fluidity, elaboration, originality, and flexibility.

The purpose of the present research was the reviewing of the barriers transfer and the knowledge sharing in Iran Tractor Manufacturing Company. The barriers transfer and the knowledge sharing in this company are ranked respectively as follows: Shine (S3), then Sort (S1), Standardization (S4), Set (S2), and Sustain (S5).

The current study is generally intended to study on role of 5S system in learning enrichment of girls' high schools from teachers' view. The 5S System, Schools Learning Enrichment.

The present study analyzes Balanced Scorecard (BSC) as a tool to evaluate organizational strategies. This investigation aims at answering the question of which of internal processes should an organization focused further to meet shareholders and customers' satisfaction?

The current article has reviewed the relationship between Emotional Intelligence in teachers with educational achievement. Also results of stepwise regression showed that educational achievement is interpreted by variable of self-regulation.

The review of relationship among Quality of Working Life (QWL) and job satisfaction in members of academic fellowship from Islamic Azad University.
The purpose of the present study was to evaluate the factor structure and validity of an Iranian translation of the Future Orientation Questionnaire. The Iranian version of the Future Orientation Questionnaire is a useful tool for assessing adolescents' future orientation.

Mixed methods are the third paradigm of educational research. Both quantitative and qualitative approaches are considered in mixed methods to help Ordinal and ordinal to Non-ordinal and ordinal to Ordinal questions.

The current survey is a descriptive plan that has studied the relationship among Organizational Climate and entrepreneurship in teachers. Furthermore, rate of entrepreneurship in male teachers is greater than in female teachers.

The purpose of this study was to examine the relationship between proactive personalities, organizational culture, and entrepreneurship in teachers. The results of Regression analysis showed that predictive variables determine around 63 percent of criterion variable.

The purpose of this study was to compare the value orientation of high school students in vicinity 1 and their parents in Bandar Abbas. Schwartz values in the case of readiness to change, had significant differences between parents and students.

The aim of this study was to examine the relationship between intellectual capital and profitability models of Huang and Wang for companies listed in Tehran Stock Exchange. The show that both interfaces of intellectual capital are a significant positive relationship with corporate profitability.

The relationship between profitability and intellectual capital by using public and Huang & Wang for companies listed in Tehran Stock Exchange was investigated in this study. The results showed that intellectual capital has a significant positive relationship with profitability.

The current study is aimed at reviewing the relationship among mathematics and some students' level variables and school level variables in mathematics achievement based on TIMSS Data 2007. With variable of students' variables, variable of school level may predict greater variance than educational performance.
Attachment Patterns as Predictors of Conduct Disorder in 9-11-Year-Old Students in Bandar Abbas City, Iran


Abstract:
This research was aimed at studying the relationship between attachment patterns and conduct disorder. The research methodology was conducted in Bandar Abbas City, Iran on 9-11-year-old students using a questionnaire. Afterdata collection and analysis, the results showed that the dismissive attachment pattern had the highest and the secure and then the avoiding patterns had the list prediction power in conduct disorder.

Keywords: Conduct Disorder, Attachment Patterns, Students

The Effectiveness of Life Skills Training on Achievement Motivation and Life Satisfaction of Students


Abstract:
Since a considerable part of students' lives are spent at school, a huge contribution is made by the schools to education. The aim of the present study was to assess the effectiveness of life skills training on the achievement motivation and life satisfaction of students. The results showed that life skills training is effective on students' achievement motivation and life satisfaction and conclusion of the research has important implications for students regarding education and counseling services.

Keyword: Life Skills, Achievement Motivation, Life Satisfaction