Comparative analysis on Cyber- Crimes

Review Article, C50

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So far legislators from several countries have proposed many definitions for cybercrime, but they have not yet achieved a uniform definition. The purpose of this study is to regard and imply briefly about types of cyber-crimes and classification of the content-related crimes in cyberspace.

Key words: Computer-related Crimes, Criminalization, Information and Communication Technology (ICT), Criminal Content-Cyber Crimes, Cyberspace, Content-related Crime

ABSTRACT: Depression is a phenomenon that is considered to be one of the most complicated issues of mental health in today's world. This study was conducted to investigate the role of rumination and locus of control in depression of female employees of the University of Medical Sciences. The results showed that there is a positive and significant relationship between rumination and external locus of control.

Key words: Rumination, Locus of control, Depression, Female employees

Original Research, C51


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The current study is intended to investigate into the impact of Information and Communication Technology (ICT) on learning styles (Kolb Model) in Smart Secondary Schools in Qom Province.

Thus, it may be concluded that one can modify students' learning styles by means of ICT.

The current article has reviewed the relationship between Emotional Intelligence in teachers with educational achievement. Also results of stepwise regression showed that educational achievement is interpreted by variable of self-regulation.

The present article analyzes Sunshade Management in organizations. This study is mainly intended to give answers to some limitations suggested to deal with advantages of sunshade management in organizations rather than removing the aforesaid limitations.

The objective of this research is to study the relationship between accounting conservatism and capital structure of companies under study.

School leaders across the world are exploring ways to better train students and develop school performance. In this research, the emergence and extent of SBM around the world and also in Iran content and presenting conceptual framework.

The objective of the present study is to study the relationship between managers' compensation and earnings in companies. The hypothesis indicated that there is a significant direct relationship between managers' compensation and earnings.

The relationship between teachers' Emotional Intelligence with their female students' educational achievement in sixth grade at primary schools were ranked respectively as follows: Shine (S3), then Sort (S1), Standardization (S4), Set (S2), and Sustain (S5).

The present study is prepared by aiming at investigation into the relationship among Quality of Working Life (QWL) and Job Satisfaction among members of Academic Fellowship.

The purpose of the present research was the reviewing of the barriers transfer and the knowledge sharing in this company. Among them, the education; job security and time could be as the barriers transfer and the knowledge sharing in this company.

The present research aims at studying the relationship between accounting conservatism and bankruptcy risk for the companies under study. The study hypothesized that there is a reversed relationship between accounting conservatism and bankruptcy risk of the companies under study.
The current survey is a descriptive plan that has studied the relationship among Organizational Climate and entrepreneurship in teachers. Furthermore, rate of entrepreneurship in male teachers is greater than in female teachers.

The aim of this study was to examine the relationship between intellectual capital and profitability models of Huang and Wang for companies listed in Tehran Stock Exchange. The results show that both interfaces of intellectual capital are a significant positive relationship with corporate profitability.

The present study did with examining goal of entrepreneurship indexes between students of Islamic Azad university of Damghan unit. The results showed that entrepreneurship indexes exist in the middle level between students of Islamic Azad university Damghan unit.

The purpose of this study was to examine the relationship between proactive personalities, organizational culture, Conscientiousness, Perceived Supervisor Support, Proactive Behavior, Gas Refinery Workers. The results of Regression analysis showed that predictive variables determine around 63 percent of criterion variable.

The purpose of the present study was to evaluate the factor structure and validity of an Iranian translation of the Future Orientation Questionnaire. The results showed that the Iranian version of the Future Orientation Questionnaire is a useful tool for assessing adolescents' future orientation.

The purpose of this study was to compare the value orientation of high school students in vicinity 1 and their parents in Bandar Abbas. The results showed that Schwartz values in the case of readiness to change, had significant differences between parents and students.

The current study is aimed at review on the relationship among mathematics and some students' level variables and school level may predict greater variance than educational performance.

The main purpose of this study was to investigate the relationship between quality of work life and job satisfaction of School teachers in Kermanshah. The results indicate that if the quality of life improves, the job satisfaction will also increase.

The relationship between Proactive Personality, Conscientiousness, Perceived Supervisor Support and Proactive Behavior of the Bid Boland Gas Refinery Workers.

Relationship between quality of work life and job satisfaction on School teachers in Kermanshah. The results indicate that if the quality of life improves, the job satisfaction will also increase.

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Attachment Patterns as Predictors of Conduct Disorder in 9-11-Year-Old Students in Bandar Abbas City, Iran

Mahmoodi, M. Zarei, E. and Askarii, M.

Abstract:
This research was aimed at studying the relationship between attachment patterns and conduct disorder. The research was conducted on 200 9-11-year-old students in Bandar Abbas City, Iran. The method used was descriptive-correlational and the data was collected by means of a questionnaire. The findings indicated that attachment patterns had the highest and the secure and then the avoiding patterns had the list prediction power in conduct disorder.

Keywords: Conduct Disorder, Attachment Patterns, Students

The Effectiveness of Life Skills Training on Achievement Motivation and Life Satisfaction of Students

Lak, Z. Rajabi, S. Moazedian, A. Pournikdast, S. and Sabetimani, M.

Abstract:
Since a considerable part of students' lives are spent at school, a huge contribution is made by the schools to education. This study aimed to investigate the effect of life skills training on students' achievement motivation and life satisfaction. The findings of this research showed that life skills training is an effective method for improving students' achievement motivation and life satisfaction. The research findings have important implications for students regarding education and counseling services.

Keywords: Life Skills, Achievement Motivation, Life Satisfaction